FIFTH ADDENDUM TO 8TH DECLARATION OF PUBLIC HEALTH EMERGENCY REGARDING COVID-19

WHEREAS, on June 3, 2020 the 8th Declaration of Local Disaster and Public Health Emergency was issued by Mayor Ron Nirenberg; and

WHEREAS, that Declaration essentially adopts and acknowledges Governor Greg Abbott’s Executive Orders and the protocols established by the Strike Force to Open Texas; and

WHEREAS, the City Council indefinitely extended the 8th Declaration on June 11, 2020; and

WHEREAS, pursuant to the Texas Disaster Act of 1975, the County Judge has the authority to issue Executive Orders that apply to the entirety of Bexar County, including the City of San Antonio; and

WHEREAS, County Judge Nelson Wolff issued Executive Order NW-10 on June 17, 2020;

WHEREAS, Governor Greg Abbott issued Executive Orders GA-27 and GA-28 in response to the spike in COVID-19 cases and stress on the health care system; NOW THEREFORE:

1. Through this Addendum the City of San Antonio acknowledges and adopts Bexar County Executive Order NW-10, and its applicability, consistent with State law, to the City of San Antonio, and further acknowledges and adopts Governor Abbott’s most recent Executive Orders GA-27 and GA-28 as supplemental to San Antonio’s 8th Declaration of Public Health Emergency Regarding COVID-19. This Addendum further identifies more stringent measures that are necessary to mitigate spread of the COVID-19 virus.

2. **Health and Safety Policy – Commercial Entities.** From the date of Bexar County Executive Order NW-10, all commercial entities in Bexar County providing goods or services directly to the public must develop and implement a health and safety policy ("Health and Safety Policy"). The Health and Safety Policy must require, at a minimum, 1) that all employees, customers or visitors to the commercial entity’s business premises or other facilities wear face coverings when in an area or performing an activity which will necessarily involve close contact or proximity to co-workers or the public where six feet of separation is not feasible, 2) that the business prominently display a list of COVID-19 symptoms at or near the public and employee entrances of the premises. The Health and Safety Policy required to be developed and implemented by this Executive Order may also include the implementation of other mitigating measures designed to control and reduce the transmission of COVID-19 such as temperature checks or health screenings. Temperature screening is highly encouraged for employees, customers and for visitors to retail stores with volume and capacity levels that allow for practical implementation. Commercial entities must post the Health and Safety Policy required by this Executive Order in a conspicuous location sufficient to provide notice to employees, customers and visitors of all health and safety requirements. Failure to develop and implement the Health and Safety Policy required by this Executive Order may result in a fine not to exceed $1,000 for each violation.
Additionally, San Antonio businesses are strongly encouraged to take the “Greater, S.Afer, Together” pledge which commits businesses to do the following:

- Use face coverings
- Practice physical distancing
- Conduct temperature checks
- Provide hand sanitizer
- Follow CDC protocols
- Implement contactless payment when possible
- General COVID-19 awareness training for employees.

Businesses that take the “Greater, S.Afer, Together” pledge may post their commitment to facilitate compliance with the County’s policy posting requirement.

3. **Face Coverings – General Public.** That all people 10 years or older shall wear a cloth face covering over their nose and mouth when in a public place where it is difficult to keep six feet away from other people such as visiting a grocery store/pharmacy, working in areas that involve close proximity with other coworkers, or whenever they are within six feet of someone that is not in their household. The CDC advises face coverings for people 2 years or older. Coverings may include homemade masks, scarfs, bandanas, or a handkerchief. Bexar County residents should continue to maintain social distancing of at least six feet while outside their home. Bexar County and City of San Antonio employees are also required to wear face coverings under the same circumstances as the general public.

**IT IS STRONGLY RECOMMENDED THAT YOU NOT OBTAIN OR WEAR MEDICAL MASKS or N-95 RESPIRATORS AS THEY ARE A NEEDED RESOURCE FOR HEALTH CARE PROVIDERS AND FIRST RESPONDERS.** Our healthcare workers and first responders on the front-line combating COVID-19 must have priority access to medical masks or other personal protective equipment. Face coverings do not need to be worn in the following circumstances:

- When exercising outside or engaging in physical activity outside
- While driving alone or with passengers who are part of the same household as the driver
- When doing so poses a greater mental or physical health, safety, or security risk
- While pumping gas or operating outdoor equipment
- While in a building or activity that requires security surveillance or screening, for example, banks
- When consuming food or drink

Please note that face coverings are a secondary strategy to other mitigation efforts. Face coverings are not a replacement for social distancing, frequent handwashing, and self-isolation when sick. All people should follow CDC recommendations for how to wear and take off a mask. Residents should keep up the following habits while in public:

- Washing hands before you leave home and when you return,
- Staying at least six feet away from others,
- Avoiding touching nose or face,
not using disposable masks more than three times, and
• washing reusable cloth masks regularly to prevent the spread of the virus.

Consistent with Executive Order GA-26 issued by Governor Greg Abbott, no civil or
criminal penalty will be imposed on individuals for failure to wear a face covering.

Please visit the City of San Antonio COVID-19 website for additional information and
helpful hints on the most effective way to use face coverings.

4. **Large Gatherings Prohibited.** All large gatherings or events estimated to be in excess of
100 people, whether indoor or outdoor, are prohibited.

Exceptions for this prohibition are listed below (1) through (13).

1. Any services listed by the U.S. Department of Homeland Security’s Cybersecurity and
   Infrastructure Security Agency (CISA) in its Guidance on the Essential Critical
   Infrastructure Workforce
2. Religions services
3. Local government operations
4. Child-care services
5. Youth camps
6. Recreational sports programs for youths and adults
7. Professional, collegiate, or similar sporting events
8. Swimming pools
9. Water parks
10. Museums and libraries
11. Zoos, aquariums, natural caverns, and similar facilities
12. Rodeos and equestrian events,
13. Amusement parks and carnivals

An entity or organizer of any large gatherings or events under excepted activities (6) through
(13) must implement a health and safety policy that requires all employees, visitors, or customers
to the entity’s premises or other facilities wear face coverings when in an area or performing an
activity which will necessarily involve close contact or proximity to co-workers or the public
where six feet of separation is not feasible, temperature/symptom screening, and protocols for
maintaining social distancing during the gathering. These requirements for large gatherings or
events are effective Friday, July 3, 2020 at 12:00 p.m.

5. **Household and Social Gatherings.** Social gatherings, including family gatherings, shall not
include more than 10 persons.

6. **Restaurants.** For dine-in services by restaurants that have less than 51 percent of their gross
receipts from the sale of alcoholic beverages, such restaurants may only operate at up to 50 percent
of the total listed occupancy of the restaurant.
7. Bars. People shall not visit bars or similar establishments that hold a permit from the Texas Alcoholic Beverage Commission (TABC) and are not restaurants as defined above in paragraph number 6; provided, however, that the use by such bars or similar establishments of drive-thru, pickup, or delivery options for food and drinks is allowed to the extent authorized by TABC.

8. Rafting and Tubing Services. People shall not use commercial rafting or tubing services, including rental of rafts or tubes and transportation of people for the purpose of rafting or tubing.

9. Hospitals and Surgical Procedures. Every hospital that is licensed under Chapter 241 of the Texas Health and Safety Code, located in the City of San Antonio, shall postpone all surgeries and procedures that are not medically necessary to diagnose or correct a serious medical condition of, or to preserve the life of, a patient who without timely performance of the surgery or procedure would be at risk for serious adverse medical consequences or death, as determined by the patient's physician; provided, however, that this prohibition shall not apply to any surgery or procedure that, if performed in accordance with the commonly accepted standard of clinical practice, would not deplete any hospital capacity needed to cope with the COVID-19 disaster.

10. Further Actions as Necessary. Local Progress Indicators identified by the COVID-19 Community Response Coalition demonstrate an increasing rise in the number of daily cases, an increased need for case investigators and contact tracers, a significant increase over the past weeks in the number of patients hospitalized, in ICU, or on ventilators due to COVID-19 related complications.

Specifically, Total Case Double Time has fallen to 13 days, below the established warning threshold, the COVID-19 weekly positivity rate (i.e., the percentage of lab tests that are positive for COVID-19) has steadily increased to 16.9%, and the STRAC Health System Score is now operating at a high stress level.

The Public Health Department will work with other community stakeholders to monitor the above criteria which have been identified as key factors to evaluate the effectiveness of control measures to mitigate spread of the COVID-19 virus.

Additionally, State health indicators, including the transmission of COVID-19, and the number of COVID-19-related hospitalizations and fatalities are also showing increases and will be taken into consideration.

Significant escalation in one or more of these criteria may require the strengthening or addition of mitigation measures.

MAYOR RON NIÑENBERG
City of San Antonio, Texas